

GDPR – one year on: accountability and the role of the Data Protection Officer

Thursday 16 May 2019

What we'll cover today

- Awareness and the accountability principle
- The role of the Data Protection Officer

Awareness and Accountability

Awareness and Accountability

- Raising Awareness in your organisation
 - Induction procedures vitally important – you may do things differently to a previous employer or there may be no awareness at all of the issues and risks;
 - Ensure that all staff have access to and take part in training activities making sure that these are relevant as possible to the education sector;
 - Make sure the Governing Body / Board of Trustees take data protection and risk management seriously – ensure regular reporting with the DPO present and serious consideration is given to financial investment/budget allocation for data protection issues;
 - Data protection can be looked at as an additional feature of the safeguarding duties you hold

Awareness and Accountability

- What do we mean by accountability?
- Accountability is one of the data protection principles – it makes you responsible for complying with GDPR. You must be able to demonstrate your compliance.
- There are a number of measures that you can, and in some cases must, take including:
 - adopting and implementing data protection policies;
 - taking a ‘data protection by design and default’ approach;
 - putting written contracts in place with organisations that process personal data on your behalf;
 - maintaining documentation of your processing activities;

Awareness and Accountability

- Measures to take continued:
 - implementing appropriate security measures;
 - recording and, where necessary, reporting personal data breaches;
 - carrying out data protection impact assessments for uses of personal data that are likely to result in high risk to individuals' interests;
 - appointing a data protection officer; and
 - check whether suppliers commit to any relevant code of conduct or signing up to certification schemes.

Awareness and Accountability

- Accountability:
 - lies with the Governing Body/Board of Trustees;
 - cannot be sub-contracted – so outsourcing the DPO role does not address the risks of data protection non-compliance.

The role of the DPO

The Data Protection Officer

Roles, responsibilities and relationships

Why you need a DPO

- Section 69 DPA
- Article 37 GDPR
- Good governance
- Common sense!

The Data Protection Officer

Roles, responsibilities and relationships

The DPO's Tasks:

- Inform and advise
- Monitor compliance with GDPR and policies
- Provide advice on DPIA's
- Co-operate with the ICO
- Act as a point of contact for the ICO
- Receive SAR's and complaints
- Record keeping
- Promote a data protection culture within a school

The Data Protection Officer

Roles, responsibilities and relationships

Who should be the DPO?

- Expert knowledge of DP law and practice
- Ability to perform the tasks described above
- Expertise should be commensurate with the sensitivity, complexity and volume of data the organisation processes
- Good understanding of the processing and information systems
- Sound knowledge of the administrative rules and procedures of the organisation
- Well placed to promote a data protection culture within a school

The Data Protection Officer

Roles, responsibilities and relationships

Supporting the DPO:

- Must ensure the DPO is involved, properly and in a timely manner, in all issues which relate to the protection of personal data
- Must provide the DPO with the necessary resources and access to personal data and processing operations to enable the DPO to perform the tasks and maintain expert knowledge
- The DPO must report to the highest management level of the organisation
- Early involvement in DPIA's
- Invite DPO to regular management meetings
- DPO should always attend when DP issues are being discussed

The Data Protection Officer Roles, responsibilities and relationships

Supporting the DPO continued:

- Give due weight to DPO's opinion
- Consult DPO promptly when a breach or other incident occurs
- Finance and training

The Data Protection Officer

Roles, responsibilities and relationships

Independence of the DPO:

- Should be a degree of separation between those in charge of the ecosystem and the DPO
- The organisation must not instruct the DPO how to deal with a matter
- The DPO must have no decision-making power
- Cannot be dismissed or penalised for performing the DPO's tasks

The Data Protection Officer

Roles, responsibilities and relationships

Liability / accountability of the DPO:

- The Controller is liable for compliance with GDPR/DPA
- But there is no express exemption for DPO's
- Article 29 Working Party Guidance – DPO's are not personally liable for non-compliance
- Employment contracts/SLA will set out the job description or specification, so performance measured against that

The Data Protection Officer

Roles, responsibilities and relationships

If you outsource or share the role:

- Have you a contract in place?
- Did you perform due diligence as required by GDPR when entering into the contract;
- Is the contract clear on risk allocation – you are paying the provider to manage certain of your risks after all;
- What parts of the service come at additional cost eg privacy impact assessments;
- What financial liabilities are accepted by the outsourcing business – does it carry insurance to support its activities?

The Data Protection Officer

Roles, responsibilities and relationships

If you outsource or share the role continued:

- Be aware that its arguable penalties imposed by ICO cannot be indemnified – but you should be able to claim for costs involved in managing the issues arising;
- Having outsourced, how do you promote a “data protection culture in your school” (see page 43 of the Toolkit).

questions and answers



Chris Bowen

Associate – Commercial

E: christopher.bowen@wardhadaway.com

T: 0330 137 3459 / M: 07769 677 577

wardhadaway lawfirm

Newcastle | Leeds | Manchester



Ward Hadaway



@WardHadaway

wardhadaway.com